Another Conception of Triangles

Verification of Redecoration for Infinite Triangular Matrices in Coq

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joint work with Ralph Matthes

13/09/2012









Another Conception of Triangles

Conclusion

Introduction The finite case: finite triangles seen as triangular matrices



- Type E fixed throughout
- Special type A for elements of the diagonal
- Inductive family Trifin A





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Introduction The finite case: definitions





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Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family

Introduction The finite case: redecoration Another Conception of Triangles

Conclusion

Verifications of redecoration:

- against a list-based model
- comonad laws

All details in:

F

[A. Abel, R. Matthes, and T. Uustalu. Iteration and coiteration schemes for higher-order and nested datatypes. Theoretical Computer Science 2005] [R. Matthes and M. Strecker. Verification of the redecoration algorithm for triangular matrices. TYPES 2007]



Introduction

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Outline



- 2 Another Conception of Triangles
- 3 Conclusion





Introduction

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Outline

Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family
 Definitions

- Redecoration
- Properties of redecoration
- 2 Another Conception of Triangles

3 Conclusion







Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family

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Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family Definitions

Definition of the infinite triangles

$$a: A$$
 $t: Tri(E \times A)$

constr at : Tri A

Trap $A = Tri(E \times A)$

Projections and function cut



top : $\forall A$. Tri $A \rightarrow A$ top (constr ar) := a

rest : $\forall A$. Tri $A \rightarrow$ Trap Arest (constr ar) := r

 $cut (constr \langle e, a \rangle r) := constr a (cut r)$ top: counit of the comonad (signature)





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Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family Redecoration





$\begin{array}{l} \textit{lift}: \forall A \forall B. (\textit{Tri} A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \\ \textit{Tri}(E \times A) \rightarrow E \times B \\ \textit{lift} f r := \langle \textit{fst}(\textit{top } r), \textit{f}(\textit{cut } r) \rangle \end{array}$

The *redec* operation



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Another Conception of Triangles

Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family Properties of redecoration – New tools on *Tri*

Equivalence relation on Tri and associated result

 $\frac{t_1, t_2: \text{Tri } A \quad \text{top } t_1 = \text{top } t_2 \quad \text{rest } t_1 \simeq \text{rest } t_2}{t_1 \simeq t_2}$

 $\forall A \forall B \forall (f f' : Tri A \rightarrow B). (\forall t, f t = f' t) \Rightarrow \forall t, redec f t \simeq redec f' t$ with full extensionality of *lift*.

New tools to manipulate Tri

 $es_cut r$ frow t = A E E E $A E E \cdots$ t A E A E

es_cut : $\forall A$. Trap $A \rightarrow Str E$ es_cut (constr $\langle e, a \rangle r$) := e :: (es_cut r) frow : $\forall A$. Tri $A \rightarrow Str E$ frow t := es_cut (rest t) addes : $\forall A$. Str $E \rightarrow$ Tri $A \rightarrow$ Trap Aaddes (e :: es) (constr ar) := constr $\langle e, a \rangle$ (addes es r) $\forall A \forall (r : Trap A)$. addes ($es \ cut r$) (cut r) $\simeq r$

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Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family Properties of redecoration – Comonad

Comonad laws

$A \forall B \forall f^{Tri A \rightarrow B} \forall t^{Tri A}$. top(redec f t) = f t	(1)
$\forall A \forall t^{Tri A}$. redec top $t \simeq t$	(2)
$\forall A \forall B \forall f^{Tri A \to B} \forall g^{Tri B \to C} \forall t^{Tri A}.$	
$\mathit{redec}\left(g\circ \mathit{redec}f\right)t\simeq \mathit{redec}g\left(\mathit{redec}ft ight)$	(3)

Application to Tri

- The type transformation *Tri*, the projection function *top* (*counit*) and *redec* (*cobind*) form a constructive weak comonad w.r.t. ≃. Weak: compatibility of g in (3) required.
- Proved with a stronger form of (2): $\forall A \forall (f : Tri A \rightarrow A). (\forall (t : Tri A), f t = top t)$ $\Rightarrow \forall (t : Tri A). redec f t \simeq t$

(2')

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Another Conception of Triangles Definitions

Redecoration







Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family

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Another Conception of Triangles Definitions (1/2)



The three parts of the definition



 $\begin{array}{l} top': \forall A. \ Tri' \ A \rightarrow A \\ top' (\langle a, es \rangle :: t) := a \\ frow': \forall A. \ Tri' \ A \rightarrow Str \ E \\ frow' (\langle a, es \rangle :: t) := es \\ rest': \forall A. \ Tri' \ A \rightarrow Tri' \ A \\ rest' (\langle a, es \rangle :: t) := t \end{array}$

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Another Conception of Triangles Definitions (2/2)

Equivalence relation

$$t_1$$
, t_2 : Tri' A top' $t_1 = top' t_2$ frow' $t_1 \equiv frow' t_2$ rest' $t_1 \cong rest' t_2$

$$t_1 \cong t_2$$

with \equiv relation on *Str* (cannot use it directly)



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- Definitions
- Redecoration









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Another Conception of Triangles Redecoration



Results

$$\forall f \ t, \quad (\forall t \ t', t \cong t' \Rightarrow f \ t = f \ t')$$

- \Rightarrow redec' f t \cong toStrRep(redec(f \circ toStrRep)(fromStrRept))
- $\forall f t, \quad (\forall t t', t \simeq t' \Rightarrow f t = f t')$
 - \Rightarrow redec f t \simeq fromStrRep(redec'(f \circ fromStrRep)(toStrRept))

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Another Conception of Triangles Simplifying again



 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{tails} : \forall A. \ Str \ A \to \ Str(Str \ A) & \text{lift'} : \forall A \forall B. (\ Tri' \ A \to B) \to \ Tri' \ A \to B \times \ Str \ E \\ \text{tails} \ s := \ s :: \ \text{tails} \ (tl \ s) & \text{lift'} \ f := \lambda x. \langle f \ x, \ frow' \ x \rangle \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{l} \textit{redec}'_{\textit{alt}} : \forall A \forall B. \, (\textit{Tri'} \; A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \textit{Tri'} \; A \rightarrow \textit{Tri'} \; B \\ \textit{redec}'_{\textit{alt}} \; f \; t := \textit{map} \, (\textit{lift'} \; f) \, (\textit{tails} \; t) \end{array} \qquad \textit{redec'} \; f \; t \equiv \textit{redec}'_{\textit{alt}} \; f \; t \end{array}$

Reference Representation with a Coinductive Family

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Another Conception of Triangles Simplifying again



 $\begin{array}{ll} \textit{tails}: \forall A. \textit{Str} A \rightarrow \textit{Str}(\textit{Str} A) & \textit{lift'}: \forall A \forall B. (\textit{Tri'} A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \textit{Tri'} A \rightarrow B \times \textit{Str} E \\ \textit{tails} s:=s:: \textit{tails}(\textit{tl} s) & \textit{lift'} f:=\lambda x. \langle f x, \textit{frow'} x \rangle \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textit{redec}'_{\textit{alt}}: \forall A \forall B. (\textit{Tri'} A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow \textit{Tri'} A \rightarrow \textit{Tri'} B \\ \textit{redec}'_{\textit{alt}} f t := \textit{map}(\textit{lift'} f)(\textit{tails} t) \end{array} \qquad \textit{redec'} f t = \textit{redc'} f f f = \textit{redc'} f f f = \textit{redc'} f f = \textit{redc'} f f = \textit{redc'} f = \textit{redc'} f f = \textit{redc'} f = \textit{redc$

 $redec' f t \equiv redec'_{alt} f t$

13/09/2012

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Redecoration for Infinite Triangles

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Another Conception of Triangles Simplifying again



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Another Conception of Triangles Generalizing

Generalizing redecoration (redecoration on *Str*)

 $redec'_{gen} : \forall A \forall B. (Str A \rightarrow B) \rightarrow Str A \rightarrow Str B$ $redec'_{gen} f s := map f (tails s)$

 $\forall A \forall B \forall (f : Tri' A \rightarrow B)(t : Tri' A). redec'_{alt} f t = redec'_{gen}(lift' f) t$

Comonads

- The type transformation Str, the projection function hd and redec'_{gen} form a constructive comonad with respect to ≡
- The type transformation *Tri*['], the projection function *top*['] and *redec*[']_{alt} form a constructive comonad with respect to ≡ (more precisely, the equivalence relation is ≡_{A×Str E} for every *A*) – stronger result than before

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Conclusion

- Redecoration for infinite triangles:
 - dualized directly from representation of finite triangles:
 - columnwise visualization
 - tricky algorithm for redec (polymorphic recursion)
 - constructive weak comonad
 - representation with streams:
 - row-wise visualization
 - purely coinductive
 - simple versions of redecoration
 - constructive comonad
- Easier to work on totally infinite structure than with partially finite ones. Even easier than finite triangles.
- www.irit.fr/~Celia.Picard/Coq/Redecoration/





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- Redecoration for infinite triangles:
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Thanks for your attention.





